# Western Australia



CATALOGUE NO. 8731.5 EMBARGOED UNTIL 11,30 AM 9 JULY 1996

# BUILDING APPROVALS WESTERN AUSTRALIA May 1996

# **Main Features**

The number of houses approved in May was 1,183, an increase of 28.3% on last month and a decrease of 13.5% on the May 1995 figure.

The number of total dwelling units approved rose 21.5% to 1,420 from the April figure of 1,169 and fell by 20.8% from May 1995.

Comparisons with previous periods are:

### Month to Month

	May 1996	April 1996	% change	May 1995	% change
Houses Total dwelling units	1,183 1,420	922 1,169	28.3 21.5	1,367 1,794	- 13.5 - 20.8
	The	ee month movi	ng average		

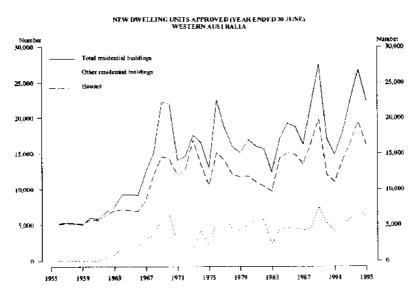
	May 1996	April 1996	% change	May 1995	% change
Houses	1,068	1,046	2.5	1,192	- 10.4
Total dwelling units	1,363	1,384	- 1.5	1,578	- 13.6

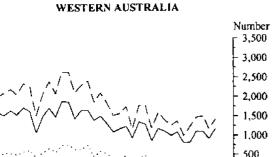
The provisional trend for new private sector houses fell 0.6% from last month. This trend will continue its current path unless the there is an increase of 8.0% in the seasonally adjusted figure for this series. The historical average monthly movement of this series regardless of sign is 7.0%.

# PHONE INQUIRIES Contact Mr Damian Sparkes on 1800 811 017 for further information about statistics in this publication and the availability of related unpublished statistics. Other inquiries, including copies of publications, contact Information Services on (09) 360 5140. MAIL INQUIRIES Write to Information Services, Australian Bureau of Statistics, Exchange Plaza, 2 The Esplanade, Perth WA 6000. • on Dial-A-Statistic phone 0055 86400

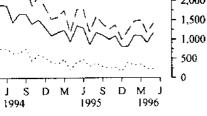
on PC-AUSSTATS phone (06) 252 6017

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NEW DWELLING UNITS APPROVED



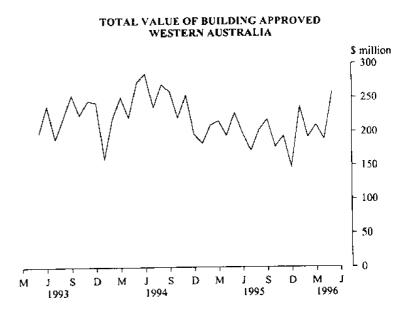
..... Other Residential Buildings

Houses

J S 1993

D

- Total Residential Buildings



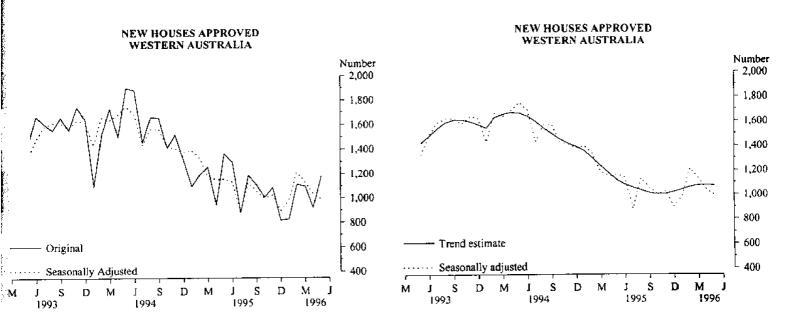


TABLE 1. NUMBER OF DWELLING UNITS APPROVED

	N	ew houses		New other i	esidential hulla	lings		Total (a)				
Period	Private sector	Public sector	Total	Private sector	Public sector	Tota!	Conversions. etc.	Private sector	Public sector	Total		
			PER	TH STATIS	FICAL DIVIS	SION						
1992-93	11,618	285	11,903	3,448	1,540	4,988	60	15,126	1,825	16,951		
1993-94	13,899	321	14,220	4,924	929	5,853	177	18,986	1,264	20,250		
1994-95	11,238	255	11,493	4,430	509	4,939	98	15.765	765	16,530		
1994-95												
July-May 1995-96	10,391	238	10,629	4,227	390	4,617	95	14,712	629	15,34		
July-May	7,600	136	7.736	2,286	424	2,710	79	9,965	560	10,52		
1995—												
March	790	36	826	364	33	397	6	1,160	69	1,229		
April	625	15	640	169	5	174	4	798	20	818		
May	947	35	982	297	54	351	t	1,245	89	1.334		
June	847	17	864	203	119	322	3	1.053	136	1,189		
July	493	6	499	269	117	269	4	766	6	773		
August	835	20	855	317	15	332		1,160	35	1,195		
September	772	17	789	200	19	219	5	977	36	1,013		
October	691	2	693	157	51	208		851	53	904		
November	750	2	752	212	18	230		967	20	987		
December	538	13	551	129	2	131	6	673	15	681		
1996												
January	579	10	589	224	115	339	4	807	125	933		
February	737	40	777	245	38	283		1.005	78	1,080		
March	731	1	732	256	60	316		997	61			
	643		657	117		178		763	75	1,05		
Арпі Мау	831	14 11	842	160	61 <b>45</b>	205		999	56	838 1,053		
				WESTERN	AUSTRALIA							
	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·								·			
1992-93	16,036	449	16,485	4,081	1,913	5,994		20,206	2,362	22,56		
1993-94	18,966	471	19,437	5,938	1,206	7,144	195	25,085	1,691	26,776		
1994-95	15,783	424	16,207	5,297	808	6,105	115	21,194	1,233	22,42		
1994.95												
July-May 1995-96	14,548	358	14,906	5,050	564	5,614	112	19,709	923	20,63		
July-May	11.028	217	11,245	2,779	523	3,302	113	13,920	740	14,66		
1995												
March	1,201	57	1,258	445	51	496	7	1,653	108	1,76		
April	920	32	952	198	24	222	. 6	1,124	56	1.18		
May	1,317	50	1.367	352	74	426	1	1,670	124	1,79		
June	1,235	66	1.301	247	244	491	3	1,485	310	1,79		
July	872	11	883	316		316	4	1,192	11	1,20		
August	1,166	23	1,189	377	22	399	8	1,551	45	1,59		
September	1,089	22	1,111	264	29	293		1.359	51	1.41		
October	999	9	1,008	194	59	253		1,197	68	1,26		
November	1,076	11	1,087	262	24	286		1.343	35	1,37		
December	804	15	819	168	2	170		978	17	99		
1996												
January	815	12	827	291	119	410		1,110	131	1,24		
February	1,070	45	1,115	298	44	342		1,393	89	1.48		
March	1,074	27	1,101	286	76	362		1,398	103	1,50		
April	904	18	922	145	99	244	3	1,052	117	1,16		
Мау	1,159	24	1,183	178	49	227	10	1,347	73	1,42		

<sup>(</sup>a) Includes Conversions, etc. See paragraphs 9-11 of the Explanatory Notes.

TABLE 2. VALUE OF BUILDING APPROVED (\$ million)

						(3	million)							
					dential bui	<u> </u>				Alterations and additions	Non-reside buildin		Total buil	dina
	 Private	Houses ———————————————————————————————————		Other rest	Public	uaings —————	Private	Total Public		to = residential	Private	·	Private	
Period	sector	sector	Total	sector	sector	Total	sector	sector	Total	buildings —	sector	Total	rector	Total
					PERT	'H STAT	ISTICAL	DIVISIO	N					
1992-93	822.1	17.7	839.7	188.9	92.3	281.2	1,010.9	109.9	1,120.9	113.3	463.2	715.9	1,585.3	1.950.1
1993-94	1.067.8	19,2	1,087.0	319.3	58.6	377.9	1,387.1	77.8	1,464.8	122.0	388.1	492.4	1,896.8	2,079.3
994-95	928.5	17.9	946.4	302.5	31.6	334.1	1,231.0	49.5	1,280.6	126.1	438.5	555.5	1,795.5	1,962.2
1994-95					4			41.4		117.2	400.0	623.4	1,671.8	1,828.5
uly May	860.0	16.5	876.6	286.5	24.8	311.3	1,146.5	41.4	1,187.9	117.2	408.2	523.4	1,071.8	1,828.3
1995-96 fuly-May	723.5	9.7	733.2	180.6	31.6	212.2	904.1	41.3	945.4	118.9	463.8	542.1	1,486,6	1,606.4
/995	71.7	3.0	746	28.5	2.2	30.7	100.2	5.0	105.2	12.0	29.7	29.8	141.9	147.0
March Andt	71.7 52.1	2.9 1.0	74.5 53.2	28.5 12.1	0.4	12.5	64.2	1.4	65.6	8.0	53.9	65.1	126.1	138.8
April May	52.1 79.4	2.3	81.7	25.3	4.4	29.7	104.7	6.7	111.4	10.0	39.6	45.8	154.2	167.2
May June	68.5	1.4	69.9	16.0	6.8	22.8	84.5	8.2	92.7	8.9	30.4	32.2	123.8	133.7
luly	45.9	0.6	46.5	20.0	_	20.0	65.9	0.6	66.5	8.9	25.4	28.7	100.2	104.1
August	76.0	1.3	77.3	25.7	0.8	26.5	101.7	2.0	103.8	11.4	36.8	38.9	149.9	154.1
September	70.0	1.0	71.0		1.2	17.6	86.4	2.2	88.6	13.6	49.4	55.2	149,4	157.4
October	67.1	0.2	67.3	13.8	2.4	16.2	80.9	2.6	83.5	9.9	31.0	32.3	121.8	125.7
November	69.4	0.2	69.6		2.8	18.3	85.0	3.0	88.0	13.5	30.3	32.7	128.8	134.2
December	54.2	0.8	55.0		0,1	9.9	63.9	0.9	64.8	9.8	18.9	23.9	92.6	98.4
1996														
January	57.6	0.7	58.3	16.3	11.8	28.1	73.9	12.5	86.4	9.9	72.7	92.5	156.5	188.7
February	70.4	3.2	73.7	17.9	2.1	20.0	88.3	5.3	93.7	9.9	28.2	35.5	126.5	139,1
March	67.9	0.1	67.9	25.4	4.7	30.2	93.3	4.8	98.1	11.6	26.9	41.8	131.8	151.5
April	64.2	0.9	65.0	9.1	3.2	12.3	73.2	4.1	77,4	11.4	47.7	51.6	132.3	140.4
May	80.9	0.7	81.6	10.7	2.4	13.1	91.6	3.1	94.7	9.0	96.4	109.0	196,9	212.7
	. ——					WESTE	RN AUST	RALIA			. <u></u>			
1992-93	1.138.8	34.9	1,173,7	227.6	118.1	345.7	1,366.4	153.0	1.519.4	137.1	591.3	889.6	2,091.8	2,546.1
1993-94	1,469.3		1,503.7		78.5	461.0	1,851.8	112.9	1,964.7	150.0	513.1	667.0	2,513.8	2,781.7
1994-95	1,319.8		1,354.3		54.0	420.3	1.686.1	88.5	1,774.6	156.2	580.9	728.2	2,422.9	2.659.0
1994-95														
July-May	1,216.9	28.4	1,245.3	346.8	38.2	385.0	1,563.8	66.5	1,630.3	145.0	542.4	686.6	2,250.9	2,461.9
1995-96 July-May	1,034.1	20.2	1,054.3	3 217.6	39.6	257.2	1,251.7	59.8	1,311.6	150.9	629.9	731.0	2,032.1	2,193.4
1995—														
March	106.7	4.7	111.4	4 35.5	3.6	39.0	142.2	8.3	150.4	14.9		50.1	205.3	215.
April	79,1		81.1	7 14.0	2.2	16.1	93.0	4.8	97.9	10.3		85.8	176.9	193.
May	111.5		115.3	2 29.5	6.2	35.7	141.0	9.9	151.0	12.9		63.3	208.6	227.
June	102.9		109.0	0 19.4	15.9	35.3	122.3	22.0	144.3	11.2		41.6	172,0	197.
July	76.8		77.5	8 23.1	_	23.1	99.9	1.1	100.9	15.8		55.1	167.5	171.
August	103.1	1.6	104.			30.6	132.4	3.0	135.4	14.0		53.2	197.5	202.
September	97.5		99.			22.9	118.6	3.5	122.1	16.2		79.0	207.0	217.
October	95.4		96.			20.4	112.5	4.5	117.0	11.9		48.5	171.3	177.
November	97.0		99.			22.7 12.9	117.1 91.3	4.7 1.1	121.8 92.4	16.5 12.2		54.7 42.9	184.8 132.2	192. 147.
December	78.5	5 1.0	79.	5 12.8	) V.1	14.7	71.3	F. L	74.7	12.2				
1996		, ,,,	82.	.5 21.1	12.0	33.2	102.8	12.9	115.7	12.3	86.9	108.2	201.9	236
January	81.1					25.5			130.6			48.6		191
February	101		105. 104.			33.7			138.2			56.9		210.
March	100.1		104. 90.							13.6		66.5		188
April	89.		90. 114.									117.4		257
May	111.5	7 4.3	114.	،کدا د.	4.7	15.0		2.3						

TABLE 3. NUMBER OF DWELLING UNITS (a) APPROVED SEASONALLY ADJUSTED AND TREND ESTIMATES (b)

		House	2.6	Total					
	Private sector		Total		Private sector		Total		
Period	Seusonally adjusted	Trend estimate	Seasonally adjusted	Trend estimate	Seasonally adjusted	Trend extimate	Seasonally adjusted	Trend estimate	
1995						•		- <del>-</del>	
March r	1,136	1,202	1,186	1,239	1,506	1,553	1,659	1,629	
April r	1,107	1,138	1,153	1,177	1,398	1,459	1,386	1,537	
Мау т	1,129	1,082	1,163	1,121	1,440	1,384	1,510	1,467	
June r	1,118	1,045	1,139	1,082	1,320	1,335	1,510	1,426	
July r	841	1,023	879	1,057	1,238	1,302	1,245	1,400	
August r	1,094	1,005	1,129	1,035	1,387	1,271	1,510	1,370	
September r	1,032	988	1,056	1,013	1,218	1,244	1,327	1,338	
October r	970	981	1,000	1,001	1,213	1,235	1,323	1,319	
November r	1.012	989	1,026	1,004	1,302	1,252	1,387	1,326	
December r	884	1,008	898	1,021	1,075	1,284	1,081	1,356	
1996—									
January r	1.016	1,027	983	1,041	1,347	1,312	1,395	1,385	
February r	1,163	1,045	1,211	1,062	1,537	1,325	1,642	1,404	
March r	1,102	1,057	1,134	1,075	1,363	1,317	1,517	1,400	
April r	1,010	1,059	1,042	1,078	1,201	1,291	1,259	1,376	
May r	999	1,053	990	1,072	1,139	1,255	1,194	1,341	

<sup>(</sup>a) Includes Conversions, etc. See paragraphs 9-11 of the Explanatory Notes. (b) Seasonally adjusted series smoothed by application of a 13-term Henderson moving average. Trend estimates for the most recent months are provisional and can be revised as data for additional months become available. See Explanatory Notes for a more detailed explanation.

TABLE 4. VALUE OF BUILDING APPROVED AT AVERAGE 1989-90 PRICES (a)

				(\$ million	1)	<del>_</del> .			
		New residentia	ıl building		Alterations	Non-residen building		Total building	
	Houses	7	0.1		and — additions				
Period	Private sector	Total	Other residential buildings	Total	10 residential buildings	Private sector	Total	Private sector	Tota
1992-93	1,261.4	1,300.I	341.2	1,641.4	153.7	579.6	872.0	2,207.3	2,665.1
1993-94	1.580.5	1,617.4	453.3	2,070.7	161.4	501.0	651.3	2,613.2	2,883.4
1994-95	1,356.8	1,391.9	407.6	1,799.5	160.5	559.2	701.2	2,427.5	2,661.3
1994									
Dec. qtr.	359.5	363.9	102.3	466.2	42.8	129.9	164.3	623.7	673.3
1995—									
Mar. qtr.	300.3	311.7	88.6	400.3	39.7	118.0	166.5	535.3	606.4
June qtr.	298,6	311.3	83.8	395.1	35.0	159.5	182.3	552.6	612.4
Sept. qtr.	281.0	285.5	73.3	358.8	46.6	166.6	178.2	563.4	583.6
Dec. qtr.	271.3	274.9	53.4	328.3	40.6	120,5	138.5	478.3	507.4
1996									
Mar. qtr.	285.2	293.7	87.7	381.4	39.7	154,6	202.0	546.4	623.

<sup>(</sup>a) See paragraphs 22-27 of the Explanatory Notes. Constant price estimates are subject to revision each quarter as more up to date information on prices and commodity compositions becomes available.

TABLE 5. VALUE OF BUILDING APPROVED, BY CLASS OF BUILDING AND OWNERSHIP

(S million) 1996 July-May Class of building 1994-95 1994-95 1995-96 A<u>pril</u> 1993-94 May March PRIVATE SECTOR 1.469.3 1,319.8 1,216.9 1,034.1 100.8 89.5 111.9 New houses 346.8 217.6 27.6 11.2 12. I New other residential buildings 382.5 366.3 128.4 100.2 124.0 1.851.81.686.11.563.8 1.251.7 Total new residential building Alterations and additions to 148.9 155.9 150.5 14.8 13.6 11.1 144.8 residential buildings 9.0 44 9 105.3 Hotels, etc. 30.3 46.9 13 3.5 Shops 151.3 131.8 119.4 104.1 7.0 6.8 41.3 73.2 5.3 12.2 8. I Factories 55.4 79.5 75.7 4.8 11.7 6.9 53.7 85.1 79.2 68.0 Offices 5.0 5.2 12.0 83.9 934 Other business premises 89.9 90.8 41.0 30.2 29.8 40.9 2.5 2.3 2.1 Educational 9.1 5.7 4.9 4.0 0.2 0.5 0.6Religious 32.2 28.5 27.6 1.0 1.4 11.0 28.8 Health 0.88.3 Entertainment and recreational 25.7 28.3 28.0 31.2 0.5 79 27.9 50.2 48.2 82.2 16.5 4.1 Miscellancous 580.9 542.4 629.9 35.5 60.8 103.4 513.1 Total non-residential building 2,250.9 2,032.1 178.7 175.1 238.5 2,513.8 2,422.9 Total PUBLIC SECTOR 2.3 1.4 34.4 34.5 28.4 20.2 3.7 New houses 39.6 6.1 6.1 2.9 New other residential buildings 78.5 54.0 38.2 59.8 9.9 7.5 5.3 66.5 112.9 88.5 Total new residential building Alterations and additions to 0.2 0.2 0.4 0.1 residential buildings 1.1 1.6 Hotels, etc. 1.6 1.8 4,4 4.1 0.5 Shors 0.1 0.7 0.7 0.1 1.3 **Factories** 30.5 1.8 3.8 7.9 27.7 30.9 30.3 Offices 4.1 0.3Other business premises 17.468 6.5 11.7 2.9 37.0 Educational 61.0 52.1 52.1 Religious 0.2 23.4 3.8 3.8 1.2 0.3 Health 6.4 13.3 2.7 1.2 2.8 13.7 7.7 Entertainment and recreational 5.0 0.3 0.114.2 7.6 39.3 38.7 Miscellaneous 14.0 21.4 5.7 Total non-residential building 153.9 147.3 144.2 101.0 13.1 19.3 161.3 31.4 267.9 236.1 211.0 Total TOTAL 1.245.3 1.054.3 104.5 90.9 114.3 1.354.3 1,503.7 New houses 17.3 15.0 257.2 33.7 New other residential buildings 461.0 420.3 385.0 108.1 129.2 1,774,6 1.630.3 1,311.6 138.2 1,964.7 Total new residential building Alterations and additions to 150.0 156.2 145.0 150.9 14.8 13.6 11.1 residential buildings 3.5 9.0 48.5 46.5 105.3 13 30.3 Hotels, etc. 6.8 41.3 123.5 104.6 7.0 153.1 136.2 Shops 5.3 12.2 8.2 73.4 56.7 80.3 76.4 Factories 15.5 14.8 81.3 116.0 109.5 98.5 6.7 Offices 90.4 97.5 5.0 5.2 12.3 107.3 97.7 Other business premises 14.2 2.3 5.0 82.0 77.9 82.3 Educational 102.1 0.6 0.2 0.5 Religious 4.9 4.0 9 1 5.7 1.2 1.7 11.0 28.9 52.2 36.0 32.3 Health 36.0 34.4 44.6 3.1 2.0 11.2 39.5 Entertainment and recreational 89.5 86.9 96.5 12.9 16.8 4.2 35.5 Miscellaneous 117.4 731.0 56.9 66.5686.6 Total non-residential building 667.0728.2 188.2 257.8 210.0 2,781.7 2,659.0 2,461.9 2,193.4 Total

TABLE 6. NON-RESIDENTIAL BUILDING JOBS APPROVED, BY CLASS OF BUILDING AND VALUE SIZE GROUPS

	<u> </u>			AND V	ALUE SIZ	E GROUI	28					
	\$50,000 to than \$200		\$200,000 to less than \$500,000		\$500,000 to less than \$1m		\$1m to less thun \$5m		\$5m and over		Total	1
Period	No.	Value (\$m)	No.	Value (Sm)	No.	Value (Sm)	No.	Value (\$m)	No.	Value (\$m)	No.	Value (Sm)
		<del>_</del> .			HOTELS, I	ETC.			T-11-11-11-11-11-11-11-11-11-11-11-11-11			
1996 March	5	0.4	1	0.2	<u>i</u>	0.7					7	1.3
April	2	0.2	3	1.1		_	1	2.2		_	6	3.5
May	7	0.7	4	1.1 ———			1	1.2	1	6.0	13	9.0
					SHOPS	3						
1996 March	9	0.6	2	0.5	2	1.2	3	4.7	_		16	7.0
April	21	1.7	6	1.6	1	0.9	2	2.6	•	_	30	6.8
May	9	0.9	4	1.2	1	0.7		6.7	2	31.8	19	41.3
					FACTOR	IES		_				
1996 March	12	1.3	10	2.8	2	1.2			_		24	5.3
April	11 22	1.5 2.2	5	1.4	3	2.1	3	7.2		_	22	12.2
May 		2.2	12	3.3	4	2.7					38	8.2
					OFFICE							
1996 March	18	2.0	5	1.4	1	0.8	2	2.5		_	26	6.7
April May	12 21	1.2 2.1	7 8	2.0 2.6	1 <b>4</b>	0.5 2.5	<b>2</b> 1	6.9	1	5.0	23	15.5
		<u> </u>	•					1,9	1	5.7	35	14.8
1007.51					R BUSINESS							
1996 March April	9 16	1.0 1.6	8 6	2.7 1.6	2 4	1.3 2.1			_	_	19	5.0
May	19	1.6	8	2.3	2	1.3		1.0	_ 1	6.0	26 31	5.2 12.3
	•				EDUCATIO	)NAL					<u>-</u> .	
1996 March	7	0.9		-	1	0.5	6	12.7			14	14.2
April	2	0.2		_	1	0.5	1	1.6	_	_	4	2.3
May	1	0.1	ı	0.3			2	4,6			4	5.0
				· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	RELIGIO	US			,			
1996 March	2	0.2			_	_	_		_	•	2	0,2
April May	1 I	0.1 0.1	1 1	0.4 0.5	_	_		_	_	_	2	0.5
	<u>'</u>	0.1	l	0.3				<del>-</del>		<u> </u>	2	0.6
100/14					HEALT				···			
1996 March April	1 3	0.1 0.3	2 4	0.5 1,4	1	0.6	_			_	4 7	1.2
Мау	2	0.3	7		_	_		_	1	10.6	3	1.7 11.0
	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			NETERTAIN	MENT AND	N D C D C A T	TONIAL					
1996 March	3	0.3		0.2		/ KECKEAT	1 IONAL	2.6		<u> </u>	5	3.1
April	3	0.4	5	1.6	_	_			_	_	8	2.0
May	8	1.0	2	8.0	_		- 1	2.4	1	7.0	12	11.2
				1	MISCELLAN	NEOUS						
1996 March	21	2.0	11	3.2	2	1.2	2	6.5			36	12.9
April May	18 5	2.1 0.5	<u>6</u>	1.9 —		1.2	<b>3</b> 1	5.6 3.7		6.1	30 6	16.8 4.2
				TOTAL NO	N-RESIDEN	imat rim	.DING					
1996 March	87	9.0	40	11.6	12	7.4	14	29.0			153	56.9
April	89	9,2	43	12.9	12	7.2	12	26.1	2	11.1	158	66.5
May	95	9.5	40	12.2	- 11	7.3	10	21.5	7	67.1	163	117.4

TABLE 7, BUILDING APPROVALS BY STATISTICAL LOCAL AREAS (a), MAY 1996

		Ne	w residentia	l hailding (h)	ł		Alterations	Non-residential tions building and —————			
		Houses		Other re	sidential buil	dings	additions				
Statistical local area, statistical subdivision and statistical division	Private sector (number)	Public sector (number)	Total value (\$'000)	Private sector (number)	Public sector (number)	Total value (\$*000)	to residential buildings (\$`000)	Private sector	Total (\$`000)	Total building (\$*000)	
		PERT	H STATIS	TICAL DI	VISION						
Cambridge (T)	7		906	_	_	_	706	1.5-		1.612	
Claremont (T)	4	_	2,071				240	_	_	2,311	
Cottesloe (T)	1	_	380 324	_	_	_	450 167	410	410	830 901	
Mosman Park (T) Nedlands (C)	11	_	2,268		_	138	550	11,785	11,785	14,741	
Peppermint Grove (S)	1	_	520		_	_	24	300	300	844	
Perth (C) Inner	_	_		_	_	_	_	1,568	1,748	1,748	
Perth (C) Remainder	_		_	_	_	_		480	1,262	1,262	
Subiaco (C)	4	_	598	_	_		118	_	_	716	
Victoria Park (T)	_			2	_	125	239	120	120	484	
Vincent (f)	1	_	73	4		380	219	1,300	1,300	1,972	
Central Metropolitan (SSD)	32	_	7,140	Я	_	643	2,712	15,963	16,924	27,420	
Bassendean (T)	12	_	845				15	2,949	2,949	3,810	
Bayswater (C)	11	1	861	_	6	348	237	2.335	2,335	3,782	
Kalamunda (S)	13	2	1,269	_	_		230	4.600	4,600	6,098	
Mundaring (S)	29	_	2,861	_			143	437	507	3,511	
Swan (S)	104	3 6	8,980	10 10	6	662 1,011	380 1,004	7,205 17,526	15,265 25,656	25,287 42,488	
East Metropolitan (SSD)	169	P	14,817	10	O	1,011	1,004	17,320	2.5,650	42,400	
Stirling (C) - Central	18		1,782	6	34	2,116		830	830	5,440	
Stirling (C) — West	1} 4		1,548 370	27	_	2,139 881	652 471	31,040	31,365	35,705 1,722	
Stirring (C) South-Eastern Wanneroo (C)	157	_	14,814	10 69	2	3,917	671	860	860	20,262	
North Metropolitan (SSD)	190	ì	18,515	112	36	9,054		32.730	33,055	63,129	
Cockburn (C)	73	_	6,213	2		120	296	2,286	2,286	8.915	
Fast Fremantle (3)	1		140	_	_		107	3,700	3,700	3,947	
Fremantle (C) Inner		_	_	_	•		28	-		28	
Fremantle (C) Remainder	7		578	_	3	208		778	778	1,701	
Kwinana (T)	6	1	544	_				1,150	1,150	1.694	
Melville (C)	39		7,987 10,834			_	642 132	700 730	936 730	9,565 11,695	
Rockingham (C) South West Metropolitan (SSD)	139 <i>265</i>	1	26,296		3	328		9.345	9,581	37,546	
Armadale (C)	П		1,085	_	_		189	540	540	1,814	
Belmont (C)	12	_	987	_	_		189	745	745	1.921	
Canning (C)	66	2	5.223	4	_	226		18.061	20.919	26,968	
Gosnells (C)	67		5.190	4	_	250	182	1,285	1,285	6,907	
Serpentine-Jarrahdale (S)	9		676	_	_		89	65	65	830	
South Perth (C)	10	1	1,657	20	_	1,585		115	255	3,698	
South East Metropolitan (SSD)	175	3	14,817	28	_	2,061	1.451	20,811	23,808	42.138	
Total	831	11	81,584	160	45	13,097	7 9,014	96,374	109,025	212,726	
		SOUTH	WEST ST	ATISTICA	L DIVISIO	N					
Boddington (S)		_	_		_				-		
Mandurah (C)	58		5,612	4		360		837	837	7,199	
Murray (S)	6 2		571 160		_					712 180	
Waroona (S)  Dale (SSD)	66		160 6,343		_	361		837	837	8,09	
Bunbury (C)	17	1	1,555	_	_		- 45	1,055	1,055	2,65:	
Capel (S)	14		1,173			_		50	50	1,29:	
Collie (S)	4		347		_	_	- 13	_		36	
Dardanup (S)	_			_	_	_	_		_		
Donnybrook-Balingup (S)	2		127			_				12	
Harvey (S)	26		2,908		_	_		50	50	3,04	
Preston (SSD)	63	2	6,110	ı		_	- 211	1.155	1.155	7,47	

For footnote, see end of table.

TABLE 7. BUILDING APPROVALS BY STATISTICAL LOCAL AREAS (a), MAY 1996—continued

		Net	v residentia	t huilding (h)			Alterations			
		Houses		Other re	sidential buil	dings	and = additions			
Statistical local area, statistical subdivision and	Private sector	Public sector	Total value	Private sector	Public sector	Total value	to residential buildings	Private sector	Total	Total building
statistical division	(number)	(number)	(\$'000)	(numher)	(mumber)	(\$ '000)	(\$'000)	(\$ '000)	(\$ '000)	(\$'000)
,	şot	JTH WEST	STATIST	CAL DIVI	SION (cont	inued)				
Augusta-Margaret River (S)	12		1.150	2		160	85	150	150	1,545
Busselton (S)	36	_	3.807	4	_	320	293	620	620	5,040
Vasse (SSD)	48	_	4,957	6		480	378	770	270	6,584
Boyup Brook (S)		ı	99	_			_	_		99
Bridgetown-Greenbushes (S)	5	_	540	_			100	99	99	739
Manjimup (S)	11		725	_	_	_	34	110	110	869
Nannup (S)	_			_	_	_	_	_		_
Blackwood (SSD)	16	1	1,364	_	_		134	209	209	1.707
Total	193	3	18,774	10	_	840	1,273	2,971	2,971	23,858
	LOW	ER GREAT	SOUTHE	RN STAT	STICAL D	IVISION				
Broomehill (S)		_								
Gnowangerup (S)	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Jerramungup (S)	_	****	_	-			_	_	_	_
Katanning (S)	_	_	_	_	_	_	12	_	_	12
Kent (S)	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Kojonup (S)	_	_	_	_		_		_	_	_
Tambellup (S)	. —	_		_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Woodanilling (S)	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Pallinup (SSD)	_	_	_	_			12		-	12
Albany (T)	15	_	1,442	_	_	_	85	· —	_	1,527
Albany (S)	5	_	463	_	_	_	85	_		548
Cranbrook (S)	_	_			_			_	_	
Denmark (S)	7	!	558	2	_	130		_	_	754
Plantagenet (S)	6	_	403	_	_			_	<del></del> -	403
King (SSD)	33	1	2.866	2	_	130	235	_		3,232
Total	33	1	2,866	2		130	247			3,244
	UPP	ER GREAT	SOUTHE	RN STATI	STICAL DI	VISION				
Brookton (\$)	_	_					<u> </u>	_		
Cuballing (S) Dumbleyung (S)	<del></del>		_					_		
Narrogin (T)			_			_		_		1
Narrogin (S)	_		_	_	-1-7	_			_	
Pingelly (S)	1		20	_	_				_	20
Wagin (S)		_	20	_	_	_	_	_	_	-
Wandering (S)		_	_	_			_		_	_
West Arthur (S)	_	_			_	. —		_	_	-
Wickepin (S)	1	_	80	_	_		_	_	_	8
Williams (S)		_			_		16		_	1
Hotham (SSD)	2		100	_	_		27	_	_	12
Corrigin (S)	_			_	_	_		-		
	1	_	60	_	_			_	_	6
Kondinin (S)			_	_			_	_	_	_
Kondinin (S) Kulin (S)	****	_								
	1	_	85	_		_		_	_	8
Kulin (S)	1 2	_ _ _		_	_	_	<u> </u>		_	8 14

For footnote, see end of table.

TABLE 7. BUILDING APPROVALS BY STATISTICAL LOCAL AREAS (a), MAY 1996—continued

		Ne	w reside <b>n</b> iia	d building (b,	ı 		Alterations	Non-resid builde		
		Houses		Other re	sidential hui	ldings	and and additions			
Statistival local area, statistical subdivision and statistical division	Private xector (number)	Public sector (number)	Total value (\$ '000)	Private sector (number)	Public sector (number)	Total value (\$*000)	to residential buildings (\$ 7000)	Private sector (\$*000)	Total (\$ '000)	Total building (\$*000)
		MIDLA	NDS STA	TISTICAL	DIVISION		•			
Chittering (S)	. 6		444		···············					444
Dandaragan (S)			_	_		_				
Gingin (S)	5		356	_	_	_	_	-		356
Moora (S)	_	_	_	_				50	50	50
Victoria Plains (S)		•		_	_	_	_			
Moore (SSD)	H	_	799	<del></del> -			_	50	50	849
Beverley (S)		_	_			_	_	_	<del></del>	
Cunderdin (S)	_		_						_	
Dalwallinu (S)	_	ı	112	_	_	_	48	_	_	160
Dowerin (S)	_	_	_	_	_	_			-	_
Goomaffing (S)				_	_	_		_	_	_
Koorda (S)	1	_	83	_	_				185	268
Northam (T)	1	_	160	_	_	_	32	61	61	253
Northam (S)	3		213	_	_	_	10	_		223
Quairading (S)					·ee					
Farmin (S)		_	_			_	_	_	_	
Foodyay (S)	5		367			_				367
Wongan-Ballidu (S)	_	_	_	_	_	_				
Wyalkatchem (S)			_	_	_	_	_		-	
York (S)	5	_	393			_	37		_	429
Avon (SSD)	15	1	1,326	_	_	_	127	61	246	1,699
Bruce Rock (S)		_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	
Kellerberrin (S)	_			_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Merredin (S)	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Mount Marshall (S)		-					_		_	
Mukinbudin (S)				-	_	_	_	_	_	_
Narembeen (S)	_		_	_	_	_	10	_		10
Nungarin (S)	1		58	_	_	_	_	_	_	58
Trayning (S)	_				_				_	
Westonia (S)			_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Yilgare (S)	_	_	_	_	_	_		_	10	
Campion (SSD)	I	_	58	_	_	_	10			68
Total	27	1	2,184	_	_	_	137	111	296	2,610
		SOUTH EA	ASTERN S	TATISTIC	AL DIVISION	ON .				
Cooleardia (S)								60	60	61
Coolgardie (S) Kalgoorlie/Boulder (C)	13	• •	1,178	4		284	76	395	395	1,933
Layerton (S)	13	_	1,170	4	_	∠64	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,		393	1,93.
Laverion (5) Leonora (S)				_				_		
Menzies (S)				_				_		
Lefroy (SSD)	13	_	1,178	4		284		455	455	1,99
Dundas (S)		_			_	_	-			
Esperance (S)	5		452		_		90	181	181	72-
Ravensthorpe (S)				_	_		_	_		
Johnston (SSD)	5		452					181	181	72
Total	18		1,630	4		284	166	636	636	2,71

For footnote, see end of table.

TABLE 7. BUILDING APPROVALS BY STATISTICAL LOCAL AREAS (a), MAY 1996—continued

		New	residentia	l building (b)			Alterations and =	~			
		Houses		Other re	sidential buil	dings	ana additions to				
atistical local area, atistical subdivision and atistical division	Private sector (number)	Public sector (number)	Total value (\$`000)	Private sector (number)	Public sector (number)	Total value (\$'000)		Private sector (\$*000)	Total (\$^000)	Total building (\$`000)	
<u> </u>		CENTR	AL STAT	FISTICAL I	DIVISION						
arnarvon (S)	·						42			42	
xmouth (S)	1	_	80	_		_	12		_	92	
hark Bay (S)	2	_	120	-	4	528	_	_	194	842	
lpper Gascoyne (S)	_	_	-	_		_	_	•	_	_	
niscovne (SSD)	3	_	200	_	4	528	54	_	194	977	
iue (S)	_	_	_	***	_	_	_	_		_	
Acckatharra (S)	_	3	592	_	_	_	_		_	592	
fount Magnet (S)		_				_	_		_		
Aurchison (S)	_		_		_	_		_			
Igaanyatjarraku (S)	_	_	_	_	_	<b>-</b>		_		_	
Sandstone (S)	_	_	-	_	_	_		_	_	_	
Wiluna (S)	_	_	_	_	-	_		_		_	
vitona (S) Valgoo (S)		_	_	_		. <b></b> -	_		_	_	
(arnegie (SSD)		3	592	_	_	_	_	_	_	592	
2					_		_	_		_	
Carnamah (S)	_		_				_		_		
Chapman Valley (S)			225	2		100		_		325	
Coorow (S)			1,047	L	_		18	358	474	1,539	
Geraldton (C)	8	_						289	289	2,253	
Greenough (S)	18	_	1,906	_	_			402	402	872	
Itwin (S)	5	_	470		_		_	402		173	
Mingenew (S)	1	_	173		_		_		_	246	
Morawa (S)		3	246	_	_	_		_	605		
Mullewa (S)	_	<del></del>	_	_	_				605	605	
Northampton (S)	3	_	228				14			242	
Perenjori (S)	_	I	77	_	_	_		_		77	
Three Springs (S)	_		_								
Greenough River (SSD)	37	4	4.372	2		100	90	1.048	1,769	6,332	
Total	40	7	5,165	2	4	621	144	1,048	1,963	7,900	
		PILB/	ARA STA	TISTICAL	DIVISION						
East Pilbara (S)	_			_							
Port Hedland (T)	-		_	<del>-</del>		_			_	_	
De Grey (SSD)	<u></u>	_	-		_		-	_		_	
								_			
Ashburton (S)		_					- 54	407	688	74	
Roebourne (S)	· <del>-</del>	_				_	- 54	407	688	74	
Fortescue (SSD)	_		_	_	_		- 27	F10.4			
Total	_						- 54	407	688	74	
		КІМВЕ	RLEY ST	rati <b>s</b> tica	L DIVISIO	N			<u>.</u>		
Halls Creck (S)									200		
Wyndham-East Kimberley (S)	5		863			-		290	290		
Ord (SSD)	.5	1	86.	<i>-</i>	-	_		290	290	1,15	
Broome (S)	5	-	940	0 -	_	_	_ 63	1,555	1,555	2,55	
Derby-West Kimberley (S)			_	_	· –	_	_ —	_	_		
Fitzroy (SSD)	,		94	o —		-	- 63	1.555	1,555	2.55	
Total	13	, 1	1,80	3 –	_	-	63	1,845	1,845	3,71	
			WESTE	RN AUSTR	ALIA					,	
	<del>.</del>		114,25			14,9	79 11,125	103,392	117,424	257,77	
Western Australia	1,159	9 24									

<sup>(</sup>a) City councils are marked (C). Town councils (T), Shire councils (S), and Statistical Subdivisions (SSD). (b) Excludes Conversions, etc.

TABLE 8. NUMBER OF NEW HOUSES (a) APPROVED BY MATERIAL OF OUTER WALLS, FLOOR AREA AND VALUE PER SQUARE METRE BY STATISTICAL DIVISION MAY 1996

		ı	Material of o	uter walls				4	
tatistical divisiem	Double brick(b)	Brick veneer	Fihre cement	Timber	Other and not stated	Total	Floor area (sq m)	Average floor area (sq m)	Average value per square metre (\$)
Perth	778	3	6	3	50	842	185,466	224	430
South-West	136	8	[4	11	27	196	41,650	222	436
Lower Great Southern	8	12	9	2	3	34	6,287	185	456
Upper Great Southern	2	_	I	_	1	4	720	180	340
Midlands	11	3	9	3	2	28	5,153	198	381
South-Eastern	4	2	_		12	18	3,816	212	427
Central	35	4	_	1	7	47	9,760	212	521
Pilbara	_	_	_	_		_	_	_	·
Kimberley	_	2	3	1	8	14	3.037	217	594
Western Australia	974	34	42	21	110	1,383	255,889	221	436

<sup>(</sup>a) Excludes Conversions, etc. (b) Includes houses constructed with outer walls of stone and concrete.

TABLE 9. NEW DWELLING UNITS (2) APPROVED, BY TYPE AND STATISTICAL DIVISION MAY 1996

	New houses	New other residential building								
Statistical division		Semi-detached, row or terrace houses, townhouses, etc. of			Flats, units or apartments in a building of					Total
		I storey	2 or more storeys	Total	1-2 storeys	3 storeys	4 or more storeys	Total	Total	new residential building
			NU	MBER OF I	OWELLING UI	NITS				
Penh	842	189	16	205	_	_	_	_	205	1,047
South West	196	10	_	10			_	_	10	206
Lower Great										
Southern	34	2		2	• •		_		2	36
Upper Great										
Southern	4	_				_		<u> </u>	_	4
Midlands	28		_	_	_	_	-	_	_	28
South Eastern	18	4	_	4	_	715	_	_	4	22
Central	47	4	2	6	_	_	-	_	6	53
Pilbara	12-4		_	_	_	_	_		_	_
Kimberley	14	_		***	-	_	_	_		14
Western Australia	1,183	209	18	227	-	-	_	_	227	1,410
				VAL	UE (\$1000)					
Penh	81,584	11,824	1,273	13,097	_	_	_	_	13,097	94,681
South West	18,774	840	· —	840	_	_			840	19,614
Lower Great	·									
Southern	2,866	130		130	_		_	_	130	2,996
Upper Great										
Southern	245		_				_	_	_	245
Midlands	2,184	_		_			_		_	2,184
South Eastern	1,630	284	-	284	_	-	_	_	284	1,914
Central	5,165	528	100	628	_		_		628	5,793
Pilbara		_	_	_	_			_	_	-
Kimberley	1,803	_	_	_		_	_	_	_	1,803
Western Australia	114,251	13,606	1,373	14,979	_	_	_	_	14,979	129,230

<sup>(</sup>a) Excludes Conversions, etc.

### **EXPLANATORY NOTES**

### Introduction

This publication contains monthly details of building work approved. Statistics of building work approved are compiled from:

- (a) permits issued by local government authorities in areas subject to building control by those authorities;
- (b) approvals issued by the Rural Housing Authority in areas not subject to building control by local government authorities;
- (c) contracts let or day labour work authorised by Commonwealth, State, semi-government and local government authorities.

Major building activity which takes place in areas not subject to the normal administrative approval processes (e.g. buildings on remote mine sites) is also included.

## Factors affecting comparability

2. For purposes of comparison, it should be borne in mind that statistics of building approvals are affected from month to month by the number of large projects (such as blocks of flats and multi storey office buildings), approved in particular months and also by the administrative arrangements of government authorities.

### Scope and coverage

- 3. The statistics relate to building activity which includes construction of new buildings and alterations and additions to existing buildings. Construction activity not defined as building (e.g. construction of roads, bridges, railways, earthworks, etc.) is excluded.
- 4. In relation to work carried out on existing buildings, the statistics include details of non-structural renovation and refurbishment work and the installation of integral building fixtures, for which building approval was obtained.
- 5. From July 1990, the statistics cover:
  - (b) all approved new residential building jobs valued at \$10,000 or more:
  - (b) approved alterations and additions to residential buildings valued at \$10,000 or more;
  - (c) all approved non-residential building jobs valued at \$50,000 or more.

From July 1988 to June 1990, the statistics covered:

- (d) all approved new residential building jobs valued at \$5,000 or more (previously all new residential building jobs were included regardless of value);
- (e) approved alterations and additions to residential buildings valued at \$10,000 or more;
- (f) all approved non-residential building jobs valued at \$30,000 or more (previously \$10,000 or more).

These changes in scope mainly affect non-residential building data and do not have a statistically significant effect on broad building approvals aggregate data. However, care should be taken in interpreting data for specific classes of non-residential building.

### **Definitions**

- 6. A building is defined as a rigid, fixed and permanent structure which has a roof. Its intended purpose is primarily to house people, plant, machinery, vehicles, goods or livestock. An integral feature of a building's design, to satisfy its intended use, is the provision for regular access by humans.
- 7. A dwelling unit is defined as a self contained suite of rooms, including cooking and bathing facilities and intended for long term residential use. Units (whether self contained or not) within buildings offering institutional care, such as hospitals, or temporary accommodation, such as motels, hostels and holiday apartments, are not defined as dwelling units. The value of units of this type is included in the appropriate category of non-residential building approved.
- 8. A residential building is defined as a building predominantly consisting of one or more dwelling units. Residential buildings can be either houses or other residential buildings as follows:
  - (a) A house is defined as a detached building predominantly used for long term residential purposes and consisting of only one dwelling unit. Thus detached 'granny flats' and detached dwelling units (such as caretaker's residences) associated with non-residential buildings are defined as houses for the purpose of these statistics.
  - (b) An other residential building is defined as a building which is predominantly used for long term residential purposes and which contains (or has attached to it) more than one dwelling unit (e.g. includes flats, home units, townhouses, duplexes, apartment buildings, etc).
- 9. From the January 1995 issue of this publication, the number of dwelling units approved as part of alterations and additions to existing buildings (including conversions of non-residential buildings to dwelling units) and as part of the construction of non-residential building is shown separately in Table 1 under the heading of "Conversions, etc.", and is included in the total number of dwelling units shown in the table. Previously, such dwellings were only included as a footnote.
- 10. In addition, from the January 1995 issue, the seasonally adjusted and trend estimates for the number of dwelling units approved, shown in Table 3, include these conversions, etc. Previously, only dwelling units approved as part of the construction of new residential buildings were included in these estimates.
- 11. The value of new residential building approved continues to exclude the value of dwelling units created as conversions of (residential and) non-residential buildings, and the value of dwelling units erected as part of the construction of new non-residential building. Approved building work represented by these conversions, etc. continues to be included in the value of alterations and additions to residential buildings or in the value of non-residential building as appropriate.
- 12. Values data are derived by aggregation of the estimated value (when completed) of building work

(excluding value of land and landscaping but including site preparation) as reported on approval documents. For houses, these estimates are usually a reliable indicator of the completed value of the building. However, for other residential buildings and non-residential buildings these estimates can, and often do, differ significantly from the completed value of the building.

### **Building classification**

- 13. Ownership. The ownership of a building is classified as either public sector or private sector according to the sector of the intended owner of the completed building as evident at the time of approval. Residential buildings being constructed by private sector builders under government housing authority schemes whereby the authority has contracted, or intends to contract, to purchase the buildings on or before completion, are classified as public sector.
- 14. Functional classification of buildings. A building is classified according to its intended major function. Hence a building which is ancillary to other buildings or forms a part of a group of related buildings is classified to the function of the building and not to the function of the group as a whole. An example of this can be seen in the treatment of building work approved for a factory complex. In this case a detached administration building would be classified to offices, a detached cafeteria building to shops, while factory buildings would be classified to factories. An exception to this rule is in the treatment of group accommodation buildings where, for example, a student accommodation building on a university campus would be classified to Educational.
- 15. From July 1992, an expanded functional classification of buildings based on the *Dwelling Structure Classification (DSC)* has been introduced by the ABS to provide more detailed information on residential building approvals.
- 16. The DSC has been developed by the ABS to provide a standard classification of the different types of dwelling structures (houses, flats, townhouses, etc.). The DSC will be implemented across all major collections of housing data in the ABS. The DSC has the same overall scope as the classification used in previous collections but provides more detail than previously available to reflect the current interest in medium to high density housing.
- 17. In particular, for Building Approvals, DSC allows new other residential building to be classified as follows:
  - (a) Semi-detached, row or terrace houses, townhouses, etc. (dwellings having their own private grounds and no other dwellings above or below) with
    - one storey:
    - two or more storeys.
  - (b) Flats, units or apartments, etc. (dwellings not having their own private grounds and usually sharing a common entrance, foyer or stairwell) in a building of:
    - one or two storeys;
    - three storeys;
    - four or more storeys.
- 18. More details on the DSC are contained in the ABS Information Paper, *Dwelling Structure Classification (DSC)* (1296.0).

### Seasonal adjustment

- 19. Seasonally adjusted dwelling unit statistics are shown in Table 3. In these series, account has been taken of normal seasonal factors and 'trading day' effects (arising from the varying numbers of Sundays, Mondays, Tuesdays etc. in the month) and the effect of movement in the date of Easter which may, in successive years, affect figures for different months. Revision of figures results from annual re-analysis, details of which, together with information regarding the methods used in seasonally adjusting the series, are available on request.
- 20. Each of the component series shown has been seasonally adjusted independently. As a consequence, while the unadjusted components in the original series shown add to the totals, the adjusted components may not add to the adjusted totals. Further, the difference between independently seasonally adjusted series does not necessarily produce series which are optimal or even adequate adjustments of the similarly derived original series. Thus the figures which can be derived by subtracting seasonally adjusted private sector dwelling units from the seasonally adjusted total should not be used to represent seasonally adjusted public sector dwelling units.
- 21. Seasonal adjustment may be carried out by various methods and the results may vary slightly according to the procedure adopted. Accordingly, seasonally adjusted statistics should not be regarded as in any way definitive. In interpreting particular seasonally adjusted statistics it is important to bear in mind the methods by which they have been derived and the limitations to which the methods used are subject.
- 22. Seasonal adjustment is a means of removing the estimated effects of normal seasonal variation from the series so that the effects of other influences on the series may be more clearly recognised. Seasonal adjustment procedures do not aim to remove the irregular or non-seasonal influences which may be present in any particular month, such as the effect of the approval of large projects or as a consequence of the administrative arrangements of approving authorities. Irregular influences that are highly volatile can make it difficult to interpret the movement of the series even after adjustment for seasonal variation.
- 23. The seasonally adjusted series can, however, be smoothed to reduce the impact of the irregular component in the adjusted series. This smoothed seasonally adjusted series is called a trend estimate. There are a number of ways of accomplishing this, depending on the intended uses of the trend estimate. If importance is attached to measuring the underlying change in the most recent periods, moving averages employing appropriate weighting patterns should be adopted; the choice of averaging technique will determine in part the degree of smoothness of the derived For example, a 23-term moving average will generally even out more of the short term fluctuation in a series (and therefore appear 'smoother') than will a 13-term moving average. However, the longer the term of the moving average the longer the time series affected by revisions resulting from more recent data. In order to ensure that the underlying trend-cycle of a series is reflected in the trend estimate, the degree of smoothness alone cannot always be used as the sole criterion in determining which moving average is appropriate.

- 24. Trend estimates of dwelling unit statistics are shown in Table 3. The trend estimates (often referred to as trend-cycle estimates) have been derived by applying a 13-term Henderson-weighted moving average to the series.
- 25. While this technique enables trend estimates for the latest period to be produced, it does result in revisions to the trend estimates for the most recent months as additional observations become available. There may also be revisions as a result of changes in the original data, and as a result of the re-estimation of the seasonal factors. Details of other trend-cycle weighting patterns can be found in A Guide to Smoothing Time Series Estimates of 'Trend' (1316.0).

### Estimates at constant prices

- 26. The base year of constant price estimates of building approvals, contained in this issue, has been changed to 1989-90.
- 27. Periodic rebasing of constant price estimates is necessary to take account of changed price relativities and structural relationships in the economy. The choice of the base year influences the movement in the constant price series and the usefulness of such series is diminished if the relative price weights of the base year differ significantly from the price relationships in the other periods included in the series. The more remote a base year is from the current period, the less likely that its relative prices will reflect the current situation.
- 28. A more detailed discussion of the need for rebasing constant price estimates and factors affecting the choice of base year is contained in the information paper *Change in Base Year of Constant Price Estimates from 1984-85 to 1989-90* (5227.0) released on 10 December 1992.
- 29. Estimates of the quarterly value of building approvals at average 1989-90 prices are presented in Table 4. (Note: monthly value data at constant prices are not available).
- 30. Constant price estimates measure changes in value after the direct effects of price changes have been eliminated. The deflators used to revalue the current price estimates in this publication are derived from the same price data underlying the deflators compiled for the dwellings and non-dwelling construction components of the national accounts aggregate 'Gross fixed capital expenditure'.
- 31. Estimates at constant prices are subject to a number of approximations and assumptions. Further information on the nature and concepts of constant price estimates is contained in Chapter 4 of Australian National Accounts: Concepts, Sources and Methods (5216.0).

# Australian Standard Geographical Classification

32. Area statistics are classified according to the Australian Standard Geographical Classification. Figures previously published for local government areas and statistical divisions are directly comparable with this classification except for the cities of Perth, Fremantle and Stirling which are obtained by aggregating the component statistical local areas.

# Perth City Council Re-structure

33. From July 1994, Perth City Council has been split. Although there are still five SLA's, only two retain the same boundaries. The new Town of Shepperton (renamed Victoria Park on 2 November 1994) comprises the whole of the SLA previously known as Perth(C) South. The City of Perth is now comprised of two SLAs: Perth(C) Inner and Perth(C) Remainder. Perth(C) Inner boundaries have not changed. Perth(C) Remainder comprises the majority of Perth(C) Outer. The new Town of Vincent comprises the major part of Perth(C) North and a small part of Perth(C) Outer. The new Town of Cambridge comprises the remainder of Perth(C) North as well as all of Perth(C) Wembley-Coastal. For maps showing the new SLA boundaries, please contact the relevant councils.

### Unpublished data and related publications

- 34. The ABS also makes available certain building approvals data which are not published. Where it is not practicable to provide the required information by telephone, data can be provided in the following forms: microfiche, photocopy, computer printout and clerically extracted tabulation. A charge may be made for providing unpublished information in these forms.
- 35. Users may also wish to refer to the following related publications which are available on request:

WESTERN AUSTRALIA	Catalogue No.		
Building Approvals - Private Sector,			
Perth Statistical Division (monthly)	8732.5		
Building Activity (quarterly)	8752,5		
Dwelling Unit Commencements (monthly)	8741.5		
AUSTRALIA			
Building Approvals (monthly)	8731.0		
Building Activity (quarterly)	8752.0		
Engineering Construction Survey (quarterly	8762.0		
Housing Finance for Owner Occupation:			
Australia	5609.0		

36. All publications produced by the ABS are listed in Catalogue of Publications and Products (1101.0) which is available from any ABS Office.

### Symbols and other usages

- 37. The following symbols, where shown in columns of figures or elsewhere in tables, mean:
  - nil, or rounded to zero
     r figure or series revised since previous issue.
- 38. Where figures have been rounded, discrepancies may occur between sums of the component items and totals.

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